

# ACRI-BOND MASKREM - Material Safety Data Sheet

---

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

---

**Supplier:** The Shell Company of Australia Ltd.  
Australia  
**Emergency Telephone No:** 1800 127 406 (24 hours) / (International) +64 3 9353 0199

**Distributed in Australia and New Zealand by:**

**Acrylic Technologies Australia Pty Ltd**  
Unit 4, 128 Station Road  
Seven Hills, NSW 2147  
Australia  
Customer Service Number: 1300 788 907 (Australia only)  
phone: +61 2 9674 3005  
fax: +61 2 9674 8005  
e-mail 1: [support@acrylictech.com.au](mailto:support@acrylictech.com.au)  
e-mail 2: [sales@acrylictech.com.au](mailto:sales@acrylictech.com.au)

**Material Name:** ACRI-BOND MASKREM

**Recommended Uses:** Industrial Solvent for removal of paper and/or masking tape from acrylic sheets.

---

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

---

### HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to the criteria of NOHSC, and not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code.

**Symbol(s):** Xn Harmful.

**R-phrases(s):** R40 Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect.  
R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.  
R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**S-phrase(s):** S23 Do not breathe vapour.  
S24 Avoid contact with skin.  
S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.  
S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

**Health Hazards:** Slightly irritating to respiratory system. May cause moderate irritation to skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect.

**Signs and Symptoms:** Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a temporary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. If material enters lungs, signs and symptoms may include coughing, choking, wheezing, difficulty in breathing, chest congestion, shortness of breath, and/or fever. Skin irritation signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation, redness, swelling, and/or blisters. Defatting dermatitis signs and symptoms may include a burning sensation and/or a dried/cracked appearance.

**Safety Hazards:** Combustible liquid. Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire. In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

**Environmental Hazards:** Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**SUSDP Schedule:** 5

**3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**Material Formal Name:** Kerosene (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized  
**CAS No.:** 64742-81-0  
**INDEX No.:** 649-423-00-8  
**EINECS No.:** 265-184-9

**Hazardous Components**

Chemical Name	CAS	EINECS	Symbol(s)	R-phrase(s)	Conc.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	202-049-5	Xn, N	R22; R40; R50/53	< 10.00 %

**Additional Information:** Refer to chapter 16 for full text of EC R-phrases.

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

**Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available.

**Eye Contact:** Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; transport to nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

**Advice to Physician:** Causes central nervous system depression. Dermatitis may result from prolonged or repeated exposure. Potential for chemical pneumonitis. Consider: gastric lavage with protected airway, administration of activated charcoal. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance.

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.

**Specific Hazards:** Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Will float and can be reignited on surface water. The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible.

**Extinguishing Media:** Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only. Do not discharge extinguishing waters into the aquatic environment.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use water in a jet.

**Protective Equipment for Firefighters:** Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Additional Advice:** Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

**Hazchem Code:** Not applicable.

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Observe all relevant local and international regulations.

**Protective measures:** Avoid contact with spilled or released material. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Use appropriate containment (of product and fire fighting water) to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Attempt to disperse the vapour or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure electrical continuity by bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment.

**Clean Up Methods:** For small liquid spills (< 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means to a labelled, sealable container for product recovery or safe disposal. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and

dispose of safely. For large liquid spills (> 1 drum), transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank for recovery or safe disposal. Do not flush away residues with water. Retain as contaminated waste. Allow residues to evaporate or soak up with an appropriate absorbent material and dispose of safely. Remove contaminated soil and dispose of safely.

**Additional Advice:** See Chapter 13 for information on disposal. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**General Precautions:** Avoid breathing vapours or contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.

**Handling:** Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Handle and open container with care in a well-ventilated area. Ventilate workplace in such a way that the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) is not exceeded. Do not empty into drains.

**Storage:** Must be stored in a diked (bunded) area. Bulk storage tanks should be diked (bunded). Storage Temperature: Ambient.

**Product Transfer:** If positive displacement pumps are used, these must be fitted with a non-integral pressure relief valve. Electrostatic charges may be generated during pumping. Electrostatic discharge may cause fire.

**Recommended Materials:** For containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. For container paints, use epoxy paint, zinc silicate paint.

**Unsuitable Materials:** Avoid prolonged contact with natural, butyl or nitrile rubbers.

**Container Advice:** Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapours. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Occupational Exposure Limits

In the absence of occupational exposure standards for this product, it is recommended that the following are adopted.

Material	Source	Type	ppm	mg/m3	Notation
RCPMineral Spirits 175 - 220	HSPA OELs	TWA (8 h)		350 mg/m3	
Naphthalene	AU OEL	TWA	10 ppm	52 mg/m3	
	AU OEL	STEL	15 ppm	79 mg/m3	

**Additional Information:** Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

### Biological Exposure Index (BEI) - See reference for full details

No biological limit allocated.

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for organic gases and vapours [boiling point >65 °C (149 °F)] meeting EN141. Where air-filtering respirators are unsuitable (e.g., airborne concentrations are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined space) use appropriate positive pressure breathing apparatus.

**Hand Protection:** Longer term protection: Nitrile rubber gloves  
Incidental contact/Splash protection: PVC or neoprene rubber gloves. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

**Eye Protection:** Monogoggles (EN166)

**Protective Clothing:** Chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and apron. Skin protection not ordinarily required beyond standard issue work clothes.

---

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**


---

Appearance:	Colourless Liquid.
Odour:	Paraffinic
pH:	Not applicable.
Boiling point:	195 - 260 °C / 383 - 500 °F
Melting / freezing point:	Data not available.
Flash point:	Typical 75 °C / 167 °F (Abel)
Explosion / Flammability	
Limits in air:	Data not available.
Auto-ignition temperature:	Data not available.
Vapour pressure:	Data not available.
Specific gravity:	Data not available.
Density:	800 - 830 kg/m <sup>3</sup> at 15 °C / 59 °F
Water solubility:	Negligible.
Solubility in other solvents:	Data not available.
Vapour density (air=1):	Data not available.
Evaporation rate (nBuAc=1):	0.01 (ASTM D 3539, nBuAc=1)

---

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**


---

<b>Stability:</b>	Stable under normal conditions of use.
<b>Conditions to Avoid:</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
<b>Materials to Avoid:</b>	Strong oxidising agents.
<b>Hazardous Decomposition Products:</b>	Thermal decomposition is highly dependent on conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases, including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and other organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion or thermal or oxidative degradation.

---

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**


---

<b>Basis for Assessment:</b>	Information given is based on product testing, and/or similar products, and/or components.
<b>Acute Oral Toxicity:</b>	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD <sub>50</sub> >2000 mg/kg, Rat Aspiration into the lungs when swallowed or vomited may cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.
<b>Acute Dermal Toxicity:</b>	Expected to be of low toxicity: LD <sub>50</sub> >2000 mg/kg, Rat
<b>Acute Inhalation Toxicity:</b>	Expected to be of low toxicity: LC <sub>50</sub> greater than near saturated vapour concentration / 4 hours, Rat
<b>Skin Irritation:</b>	May cause moderate skin irritation (but insufficient to classify). Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis.
<b>Eye Irritation:</b>	Expected to be non-irritating to eyes.
<b>Respiratory Irritation:</b>	Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system.
<b>Sensitisation:</b>	Not expected to be a skin sensitiser.
<b>Repeated Dose Toxicity:</b>	Kidney: caused kidney effects in male rats which are not considered relevant to humans
<b>Mutagenicity:</b>	Not expected to be mutagenic.
<b>Carcinogenicity:</b>	Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect. (Naphthalene) Repeated skin contact may result in irritation and skin cancer.
<b>Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity:</b>	Causes foetotoxicity in animals at doses which are maternally toxic. Not expected to impair fertility.

---

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**


---

<b>Acute Toxicity</b>	
<b>Fish:</b>	Harmful: 10 < LC/EC/IC <sub>50</sub> ≤ 100 mg/l
<b>Aquatic Invertebrates:</b>	Low toxicity: LC/EC/IC <sub>50</sub> > 100 mg/l
<b>Algae:</b>	Harmful: 10 < LC/EC/IC <sub>50</sub> ≤ 100 mg/l
<b>Microorganisms:</b>	Expected to be harmful: 10 < LC/EC/IC <sub>50</sub> ≤ 100 mg/l
<b>Mobility:</b>	Adsorbs to soil and has low mobility. Floats on water.

**Persistence/degradability:** Expected to be readily biodegradable. Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.  
**Bioaccumulation:** Has the potential to bioaccumulate.

---

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

---

**Material Disposal:** Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses. Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or water.

**Container Disposal:** Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Refer to Section 7 before handling the product or containers. Residues may cause an explosion hazard if heated above the flash point. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums. Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

**Local Legislation:** Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or national requirements and must be complied with.

---

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

---

#### ADG

This material is not classified as dangerous according to the Australian Dangerous Goods Code.

#### IMDG

This material is not classified as dangerous under IMDG regulations.

#### IATA (Country variations may apply)

This material is not classified as dangerous under IATA regulations.

---

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

---

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

<b>SUSDP Schedule:</b>	5	
AICS:	Listed.	
DSL:	Listed.	
INV (CN):	Listed.	
TSCA:	Listed.	
EINECS:	Listed.	265-185-4
KECI (KR):	Listed.	KE-25620
PICCS (PH):	Listed.	

---

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

---

#### R-phrases(s)

- R22 Harmful if swallowed.
- R40 Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect.
- R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
- R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
- R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**MSDS Version Number:** 3.3  
**MSDS Effective Date:** 17.04.2008  
**MSDS Revisions:** A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

#### MSDS Regulation:

**Uses and Restrictions:** Industrial Solvent.

**MSDS Distribution:** The information in this document should be made available to all who may handle the product

**Disclaimer:** This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.